NEW SOURCE CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND MINOR SOURCE OPERATING PERMIT OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY

Silberline Manufacturing Company, Inc. 2010 Guy Brown Drive Decatur, Indiana 46733

(herein known as the Permittee) is hereby authorized to construct and operate subject to the conditions contained herein, the emission units described in Section A (Source Summary) of this permit.

This permit is issued to the above mentioned company under the provisions of 326 IAC 2-1.1, 326 IAC 2-6.1 and 40 CFR 52.780, with conditions listed on the attached pages.

Operation Permit No.: NSC/MSOP 001-13746-00059

Issued by: Original Signed by Paul Dubenetzky

Paul Dubenetzky, Branch Chief

Office of Air Quality

Issuance Date: May 30, 2002

Expiration Date: May 30, 2007

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Silberline Manufacturing Company, Inc.

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SECTION A

SOURCE SUMMARY

This permit is based on information requested by the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM), Office of Air Quality (OAQ). The information describing the source contained in conditions A.1 through A.2 is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions. However, the Permittee should be aware that a physical change or a change in the method of operation that may render this descriptive information obsolete or inaccurate may trigger requirements for the Permittee to obtain additional permits or seek modification of this permit pursuant to 326 IAC 2, or change other applicable requirements presented in the permit application.

A.1 General Information [326 IAC 2-5.1-3(c)] [326 IAC 2-6.1-4(a)]

The Permittee owns and operates stationary aluminum pigment manufacturing facility.

Authorized Individual: Jennifer Mikovich

Source Address: 2010 Guy Brown Drive, Decatur, Indiana 46733 Mailing Address: 2010 Guy Brown Drive, Decatur, Indiana 46733

Phone Number: (219) 728-2111

SIC Code: 3399 County Location: Adams

County Status: Attainment for all criteria pollutants

Source Status: Minor Source, under PSD;

Minor Source, Section 112 of the Clean Air Act

A.2 Emissions units and Pollution Control Equipment Summary

This stationary source is approved to construct and operate the following emissions units and pollution control devices:

- (a) One (1) aluminum pigment manufacturing process consisting of mills, screens, distillation columns, presses, and mixers.
- (b) Six (6) storage tanks used to store mineral spirits. Four of the tanks were constructed in 1987, one was constructed in 1993, and the other will be constructed in 2002.
- (c) One (1) parts washer used for miscellaneous equipment/tool washing, with a maximum solvent consumption of 0.25 gallons per day.
- (d) One (1) boiler, labeled #113, with a maximum heat input capacity of 5.1 million Btu per hour.
- (e) One (1) boiler, labeled #114, with a maximum heat input capacity of 5.0 million Btu per hour.
- (f) One (1) boiler, labeled #115, with a maximum heat input capacity of 2.6 million Btu per hour.
- (g) One (1) boiler, labeled #116, with a maximum heat input capacity of 1.8 million Btu per hour.
- (h) Eight (8) space heaters, labeled # 117, with a maximum heat input capacity of 0.8 million Btu per hour each.
- (i) Seven (7) space heaters labeled #118, with a maximum heat input capacity of 0.4 million Btu per hour each.

Maximum capacities and throughputs not listed in the descriptions above have been included in an OAQ confidential file.

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SECTION B GENERAL CONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS

B.1 Permit No Defense [IC 13]

This permit to construct does not relieve the Permittee of the responsibility to comply with the provisions of the Indiana Environmental Management Law (IC 13-11 through 13-20; 13-22 through 13-25; and 13-30), the Air Pollution Control Law (IC 13-17) and the rules promulgated thereunder, as well as other applicable local, state, and federal requirements.

B.2 Definitions

Terms in this permit shall have the definition assigned to such terms in the referenced regulation. In the absence of definitions in the referenced regulation, any applicable definitions found in IC 13-11, 326 IAC 1-2, and 326 IAC 2-1.1-1 shall prevail.

B.3 Effective Date of the Permit [IC13-15-5-3]

Pursuant to IC 13-15-5-3, this permit becomes effective upon its issuance.

B.4 Revocation of Permits [326 IAC 2-1.1-9(5)]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-1.1-9(5)(Revocation of Permits), the Commissioner may revoke this permit if construction is not commenced within eighteen (18) months after receipt of this approval or if construction is suspended for a continuous period of one (1) year or more.

B.5 Modification to Permit [326 IAC 2]

Notwithstanding the Section B condition entitled "Minor Source Operating Permit", all requirements and conditions of this construction permit shall remain in effect unless modified in a manner consistent with procedures established for modifications of construction permits pursuant to 326 IAC 2 (Permit Review Rules).

B.6 Minor Source Operating Permit [326 IAC 2-6.1]

This document shall also become a minor source operating permit pursuant to 326 IAC 2-6.1 when, prior to start of operation, the following requirements are met:

- (a) The attached Affidavit of Construction shall be submitted to the Office of Air Quality (OAQ), Permit Administration & Development Section.
 - (1) If the Affidavit of Construction verifies that the facilities covered in this Construction Permit were constructed as proposed in the application, then the facilities may begin operating on the date the Affidavit of Construction is postmarked or hand delivered to IDEM.
 - (2) If the Affidavit of Construction does not verify that the facilities covered in this Construction Permit were constructed as proposed in the application, then the Permittee shall receive an Operation Permit Validation Letter from the Chief of the Permit Administration & Development Section prior to beginning operation of the facilities.
- (b) If construction is completed in phases; i.e., the entire construction is not done continuously, a separate affidavit must be submitted for each phase of construction. Any permit conditions associated with operation start up dates such as stack testing for New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) shall be applicable to each individual phase.
- (c) Upon receipt of the Operation Permit Validation Letter from the Chief of the Permit Administration & Development Section, the Permittee shall attach it to this document.
- (d) The operation permit will be subject to annual operating permit fees pursuant to 326 IAC 2-1.1-7(Fees).

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(e) Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-6.1-7, the Permittee shall apply for an operation permit renewal at least ninety (90) days prior to the expiration date established in the validation letter. If IDEM, OAQ, upon receiving a timely and complete permit application, fails to issue or deny the permit renewal prior to the expiration date of this permit, this existing permit shall not expire and all terms and conditions shall continue in effect until the renewal permit has been issued or denied. The operation permit issued shall contain as a minimum the conditions in Section C and Section D of this permit.

B.7 NSPS Reporting Requirement

Pursuant to the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS), Part 60.116b, Subpart Kb, the source owner/operator is hereby advised of the requirement to report the following at the appropriate times:

- (a) Commencement of construction date (no later than 30 days after such date);
- (b) Anticipated start-up date (not more than 60 days or less than 30 days prior to such date);
- (c) Actual start-up date (within 15 days after such date); and
- (d) Date of performance testing (at least 30 days prior to such date), when required by a condition elsewhere in this permit.

Reports are to be sent to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management Compliance Data Section, Office of Air Quality 100 North Senate Avenue, P.O. Box 6015 Indianapolis, IN 46206-6015

The application and enforcement of these standards have been delegated to the IDEM, OAQ. The requirements of 40 CFR Part 60 are also federally enforceable.

B.8 Permit Term [326 IAC 2-6.1-7]

This permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years from the original date, as determined in accordance with IC 4-21.5-3-5(f) and IC 13-15-5-3. Subsequent revisions, modifications or amendments of this permit do not affect the expiration

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SECTION C

SOURCE OPERATION CONDITIONS

Entire Source

C.1 PSD Minor Source Status [326 IAC 2-2] [40 CFR 52.21]

- (a) The total source potential to emit of all criteria pollutant is less than 250 tons per year. Therefore the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2 (Prevention of Significant Deterioration) and 40 CFR 52.21 will not apply.
- (b) Any change or modification which may increase potential to emit to 250 tons per year from this source, shall cause this source to be considered a major source under PSD, 326 IAC 2-2 and 40 CFR 52.21, and shall require approval from IDEM, OAQ prior to making the change.
- (c) Any change or modification which may increase potential to emit to 10 tons per year of any single hazardous air pollutant, twenty-five tons per year of any combination of hazardous air pollutants, or 100 tons per year of any other regulated pollutant from this source, shall cause this source to be considered a major source under Part 70 Permit Program, 326 IAC 2-7, and shall require approval from IDEM, OAQ prior to making the change.

C.2 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 1-6-3]

- (a) If required by specific condition(s) in Section D of this permit, the Permittee shall prepare and maintain Preventive Maintenance Plans (PMP) after issuance of this permit, including the following information on each emissions unit:
 - (1) Identification of the individual(s) responsible for inspecting, maintaining, and repairing emission control devices;
 - (2) A description of the items or conditions that will be inspected and the inspection schedule for said items or conditions:
 - (3) Identification and quantification of the replacement parts that will be maintained in inventory for quick replacement.
- (b) The Permittee shall implement the Preventive Maintenance Plans as necessary to ensure that failure to implement the Preventive Maintenance Plan does not cause or contribute to a violation of any limitation on emissions or potential to emit.
- (c) PMP's shall be submitted to IDEM, OAQ, upon request and shall be subject to review and approval by IDEM, OAQ. IDEM, OAQ, may require the Permittee to revise its Preventive Maintenance Plan whenever lack of proper maintenance causes or contributes to any violation.

C.3 Permit Revision [326 IAC 2-5.1-3(e)(3)] [326 IAC 2-6.1-6]

- (a) The Permittee must comply with the requirements of 326 IAC 2-6.1-6 whenever the Permittee seeks to amend or modify this permit.
- (b) Any application requesting an amendment or modification of this permit shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management Permits Branch, Office of Air Quality 100 North Senate Avenue, P.O. Box 6015 Indianapolis, Indiana 46206-6015 Page 7 of 18 MSOP001-13746-00059

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Any such application should be certified by the "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1.

(c) The Permittee shall notify the OAQ within thirty (30) calendar days of implementing a notice-only change. [326 IAC 2-6.1-6(d)]

C.4 Inspection and Entry [326 IAC 2-5.1-3(e)(4)(B)] [326 IAC 2-6.1-5(a)(4)]

Upon presentation of proper identification cards, credentials, and other documents as may be required by law, and subject to the Permittee's right under all applicable laws and regulations to assert that the information collected by the agency is confidential and entitled to be treated as such, the Permittee shall allow IDEM, OAQ, U.S. EPA, or an authorized representative to perform the following:

- (a) Enter upon the Permittee's premises where a permitted source is located, or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (b) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under this title or the conditions of this permit or any operating permit revisions;
- (c) Inspect, at reasonable times, any processes, emissions units (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit or any operating permit revisions;
- (d) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with this permit or applicable requirements; and
- (e) Utilize any photographic, recording, testing, monitoring, or other equipment for the purpose of assuring compliance with this permit or applicable requirements.

C.5 Transfer of Ownership or Operation [326 IAC 2-6.1-6(d)(3)]

Pursuant to [326 IAC 2-6.1-6(d)(3)]:

- (a) In the event that ownership of this source is changed, the Permittee shall notify IDEM, OAQ, Permits Branch, within thirty (30) days of the change.
- (b) The written notification shall be sufficient to transfer the permit to the new owner by an notice-only change pursuant to 326 IAC 2-6.1-6(d)(3).
- (c) IDEM, OAQ, shall issue a revised permit.

The notification which shall be submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1.

C.6 Permit Revocation [326 IAC 2-1-9]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-1-9(a)(Revocation of Permits), this permit to construct and operate may be revoked for any of the following causes:

- (a) Violation of any conditions of this permit.
- (b) Failure to disclose all the relevant facts, or misrepresentation in obtaining this permit.
- (c) Changes in regulatory requirements that mandate either a temporary or permanent reduction of discharge of contaminants. However, the amendment of appropriate sections of this permit shall not require revocation of this permit.

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(d) Noncompliance with orders issued pursuant to 326 IAC 1-5 (Episode Alert Levels) to reduce emissions during an air pollution episode.

(e) For any cause which establishes in the judgment of IDEM, the fact that continuance of this permit is not consistent with purposes of this article.

C.7 Opacity [326 IAC 5-1]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 5-1-2 (Opacity Limitations), except as provided in 326 IAC 5-1-3 (Temporary Alternative Opacity Limitations), opacity shall meet the following, unless otherwise stated in this permit:

- (a) Opacity shall not exceed an average of forty percent (40%) in any one (1) six (6) minute averaging period as determined in 326 IAC 5-1-4.
- (b) Opacity shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) for more than a cumulative total of fifteen (15) minutes (sixty (60) readings as measured according to 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 9 or fifteen (15) one (1) minute nonoverlapping integrated averages for a continuous opacity monitor) in a six (6) hour period.

C.8 Fugitive Dust Emissions [326 IAC 6-4]

The Permittee shall not allow fugitive dust to escape beyond the property line or boundaries of the property, right-of-way, or easement on which the source is located, in a manner that would violate 326 IAC 6-4 (Fugitive Dust Emissions). 326 IAC 6-4-2(4) is not federally enforceable.

Testing Requirements

C.9 Performance Testing [326 IAC 3-6]

(a) Compliance testing on new emissions units shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving maximum production rate, but no later than 180 days after initial start-up, if specified in Section D of this approval. All testing shall be performed according to the provisions of 326 IAC 3-6 (Source Sampling Procedures), except as provided elsewhere in this permit, utilizing any applicable procedures and analysis methods specified in 40 CFR 51, 40 CFR 60, 40 CFR 61, 40 CFR 63, 40 CFR 75, or other procedures approved by IDEM, OAQ.

A test protocol, except as provided elsewhere in this permit, shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management Compliance Data Section, Office of Air Quality 100 North Senate Avenue, P. O. Box 6015 Indianapolis, Indiana 46206-6015

no later than thirty-five (35) days prior to the intended test date. The Permittee shall submit a notice of the actual test date to the above address so that it is received at least two weeks prior to the test date.

(b) All test reports must be received by IDEM, OAQ within forty-five (45) days after the completion of the testing. An extension may be granted by the IDEM, OAQ, if the source submits to IDEM, OAQ, a reasonable written explanation within five (5) days prior to the end of the initial forty-five (45) day period.

The documentation submitted by the Permittee does not require certification by the "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1.

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Compliance Monitoring Requirements

C.10 Compliance Monitoring [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

Compliance with applicable requirements shall be documented as required by this permit. The Permittee shall be responsible for installing any necessary equipment and initiating any required monitoring related to that equipment. All monitoring and record keeping requirements not already legally required shall be implemented when operation begins.

C.11 Monitoring Methods [326 IAC 3]

Any monitoring or testing required by Section D of this permit shall be performed according to the provisions of 326 IAC 3, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, or other approved methods as specified in this permit.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements

C.12 Malfunctions Report [326 IAC 1-6-2]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 1-6-2 (Records; Notice of Malfunction):

- (a) A record of all malfunctions, including startups or shutdowns of any facility or emission control equipment, which result in violations of applicable air pollution control regulations or applicable emission limitations shall be kept and retained for a period of three (3) years and shall be made available to the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM), Office of Air Quality(OAQ) or appointed representative upon request.
- (b) When a malfunction of any facility or emission control equipment occurs which lasts more than one (1) hour, said condition shall be reported to OAQ, using the Malfunction Report Forms (2 pages). Notification shall be made by telephone or facsimile, as soon as practicable, but in no event later than four (4) daytime business hours after the beginning of said occurrence.
- (c) Failure to report a malfunction of any emission control equipment shall constitute a violation of 326 IAC 1-6, and any other applicable rules. Information of the scope and expected duration of the malfunction shall be provided, including the items specified in 326 IAC 1-6-2(a)(1) through (6).
- (d) Malfunction is defined as any sudden, unavoidable failure of any air pollution control equipment, process, or combustion or process equipment to operate in a normal and usual manner. [326 IAC 1-2-39]

C.13 Monitoring Data Availability [326 IAC 2-6.1-2] [IC 13-14-1-13]

- (a) With the exception of performance tests conducted in accordance with Section C-Performance Testing, all observations, sampling, maintenance procedures, and record keeping, required as a condition of this permit shall be performed at all times the equipment is operating at normal representative conditions.
- (b) As an alternative to the observations, sampling, maintenance procedures, and record keeping of subsection (a) above, when the equipment listed in Section D of this permit is not operating, the Permittee shall either record the fact that the equipment is shut down or perform the observations, sampling, maintenance procedures, and record keeping that would otherwise be required by this permit.
- (c) If the equipment is operating but abnormal conditions prevail, additional observations and sampling should be taken with a record made of the nature of the abnormality.

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(d) If for reasons beyond its control, the operator fails to make required observations, sampling, maintenance procedures, or record keeping, reasons for this must be recorded.

- (e) At its discretion, IDEM may excuse such failure providing adequate justification is documented and such failures do not exceed five percent (5%) of the operating time in any quarter.
- (f) Temporary, unscheduled unavailability of staff qualified to perform the required observations, sampling, maintenance procedures, or record keeping shall be considered a valid reason for failure to perform the requirements stated in (a) above.

C.14 General Record Keeping Requirements [326 IAC 2-6.1-2]

- (a) Records of all required monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. These records shall be kept at the source location for a minimum of three (3) years and available upon the request of an IDEM, OAQ, representative. The records may be stored elsewhere for the remaining two (2) years as long as they are available upon request. If the Commissioner makes a written request for records to the Permittee, the Permittee shall furnish the records to the Commissioner within a reasonable time.
- (b) Records of required monitoring information shall include, where applicable:
 - (1) The date, place, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - (2) The dates analyses were performed;
 - (3) The company or entity performing the analyses;
 - (4) The analytic techniques or methods used;
 - (5) The results of such analyses; and
 - (6) The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- (c) Support information shall include, where applicable:
 - (1) Copies of all reports required by this permit;
 - (2) All original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation;
 - (3) All calibration and maintenance records;
- (d) All record keeping requirements not already legally required shall be implemented when operation begins.

C.15 General Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-1.1-11] [326 IAC 2-6.1-2] [IC 13-14-1-13]

(a) Reports required by conditions in Section D of this permit shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management Compliance Data Section, Office of Air Quality 100 North Senate Avenue, P. O. Box 6015 Indianapolis, Indiana 46206-6015

(b) Unless otherwise specified in this permit, any notice, report, or other submission required by this permit shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope

or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ, on or before the date it is due.

(c) The first report shall cover the period commencing on the date of issuance of this permit and ending on the last day of the reporting period.

C.16 Annual Notification [326 IAC 2-6.1-5(a)(5)]

- (a) Annual notification shall be submitted to the Office of Air Quality stating whether or not the source is in operation and in compliance with the terms and conditions contained in this permit.
- (b) Noncompliance with any condition must be specifically identified. If there are any permit conditions or requirements for which the source is not in compliance at any time during the year, the Permittee must provide a narrative description of how the source did or will achieve compliance and the date compliance was, or will be, achieved. The notification must be signed by an authorized individual.
- (c) The annual notice shall cover the time period from January 1 to December 31 of the previous year, and shall be submitted in the format attached no later than March 1 of each year to:

Compliance Branch, Office of Air Quality Indiana Department of Environmental Management 100 North Senate Avenue, P.O. Box 6015 Indianapolis, IN 46206-6015

(d) The notification shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ, on or before the date it is due.

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SECTION D.1

EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-6.1]:

- (a) One (1) aluminum pigment manufacturing process consisting of mills, screens, distillation columns, presses, and mixers.
- (b) Six (6) storage tanks used to store mineral spirits. Four of the tanks were constructed in 1987, one was constructed in 1993, and the other will be constructed in 2002.
- (c) One (1) parts washer used for miscellaneous equipment/tool washing, with a maximum solvent consumption of 0.25 gallons per day.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-6.1-5(1)]

D.1.1 Storage Vessels [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [326 IAC 12]

Pursuant to New Source Performance Standard (NSPS), 326 IAC 12, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Kb - Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984, there are no applicable control requirements for these storage tanks, however, the source must comply with the applicable record keeping requirements specified in the Record Keeping Requirements condition of this section. The tanks are exempt from the General Provisions (40 CFR 60, Subpart A) because all of the tanks have a storage capacity greater than 75m³ but less than 151m³, storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure of less than 15 kPa.

D.1.2 Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-3-2 (Cold Cleaner Operations), the owner or operator shall:

- (a) Equip the cleaner with a cover;
- (b) Equip the cleaner with a emissions unit for draining cleaned parts;
- (c) Close the degreaser cover whenever parts are not being handled in the cleaner;
- (d) Drain cleaned parts for at least fifteen (15) seconds or until dripping ceases;
- (e) Provide a permanent, conspicuous label summarizing the operation requirements;
- (f) Store waste solvent only in covered containers and not dispose of waste solvent or transfer it to another party, in such a matter that greater than twenty percent (20%) of the waste solvent (by weight) can evaporate into the atmosphere.

D.1.3 Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-3-5(a) (Cold Cleaner Degreaser Operation and Control), the owner or operator of a cold cleaner degreaser emissions unit shall ensure that the following control equipment requirements are met:
 - (1) Equip the degreaser with a cover. The cover must be designed so that it can be easily operated with one (1) hand if:
 - (A) The solvent volatility is greater than two (2) kiloPascals (fifteen (15) millimeters of mercury or three-tenths (0.3) pounds per square inch)

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measured at thirty-eight degrees Celsius (38°C) (one hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100°F));

- (B) The solvent is agitated; or
- (C) The solvent is heated.
- (2) Equip the degreaser with a emissions unit for draining cleaned articles. If the solvent volatility is greater than four and three-tenths (4.3) kiloPascals (thirty-two (32) millimeters of mercury) or six-tenths (0.6) pounds per square inch) measured at thirty-eight degrees Celsius (38°C) (one hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100°F)), then the drainage emissions unit must be internal such that articles are enclosed under the cover while draining. The drainage emissions unit may be external for applications where an internal type cannot fit into the cleaning system.
- (3) Provide a permanent, conspicuous label which lists the operating requirements outlined in subsection (b).
- (4) The solvent spray, if used, must be a solid, fluid stream and shall be applied at a pressure which does not cause excessive splashing.
- (5) Equip the degreaser with one (1) of the following control devices if the solvent volatility is greater than four and three-tenths (4.3) kiloPascals (thirty-two (32) millimeters of mercury) or six-tenths (0.6) pounds per square inch) measured at thirty-eight degrees Celsius (38°C) (one hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100°F)), or if the solvent is heated to a temperature greater than forty-eight and nine-tenths degrees Celsius (48.9°C) (one hundred twenty degrees Fahrenheit (120°F)):
 - (A) A freeboard that attains a freeboard ratio of seventy-five hundredths (0.75) or greater.
 - (B) A water cover when solvent is used is insoluble in, and heavier than, water.
 - (C) Other systems of demonstrated equivalent control such as a refrigerated chiller of carbon adsorption. Such systems shall be submitted to the U.S. EPA as a SIP revision.
- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-3-5(b) (Cold Cleaner Degreaser Operation and Control), the owner or operator of a cold cleaning emissions unit shall ensure that the following operating requirements are met:
 - (1) Close the cover whenever articles are not being handled in the degreaser.
 - (2) Drain cleaned articles for at least fifteen (15) seconds or until dripping ceases.
 - (3) Store waste solvent only in covered containers and prohibit the disposal or transfer of waste solvent in any manner in which greater than twenty percent (20%) of the waste solvent by weight could evaporate.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirement [326 IAC 2-5.1-3(e)(2)] [326 IAC 2-6.1-5(a)(2)]

D.1.4 Record Keeping Requirements

(a) Pursuant to NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb, the Permittee shall maintain a record showing the dimension of the storage vessels and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessels.

Silberline Manufacturing Company, Inc. Decatur, Indiana Permit Reviewer: ERG/AR

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These records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements. (b)

SECTION D.2

EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-6.1]:

- (d) One (1) boiler, labeled #113, with a maximum heat input capacity of 5.1 million Btu per hour.
- (e) One (1) boiler, labeled #114, with a maximum heat input capacity of 5.0 million Btu per hour.
- (f) One (1) boiler, labeled #115, with a maximum heat input capacity of 2.6 million Btu per hour.
- (g) One (1) boiler, labeled #116, with a maximum heat input capacity of 1.8 million Btu per hour.
- (h) Eight (8) space heaters, labeled # 117, with a maximum heat input capacity of 0.8 million Btu per hour each.
- (i) Seven (7) space heaters labeled #118, with a maximum heat input capacity of 0.4 million Btu per hour each.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-6.1-5(1)]

D.2.1 Particulate Matter (PM)

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-2-3 (Particulate Matter Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating, the PM emissions from the 5.1 and 5.0 MMBtu per hour heat input boilers shall each be limited to 0.6 pounds per MMBtu heat input.

D.2.2 Particulate Matter (PM)

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-2-4 (Particulate Matter Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating, the PM emissions from the 1.8 and 2.6 MMBtu per hour heat input boilers shall be limited to 0.57 and 0.54 pounds per MMBtu heat input, respectively.

Silberline Manufacturing Company, Inc. Decatur, Indiana

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INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT **OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY COMPLIANCE BRANCH**

MINOR SOURCE OPERATING PERMIT **ANNUAL NOTIFICATION**

This form should be used to comply with the notification requirements under 326 IAC 2-6.1-5(a)(5).

Company Name:	Silberline Manufacturing Company, Inc.					
Address:	2010 Guy Brown Drive					
City:	Decatur, Indiana 46733					
Phone #:	(570) 668-6050					
MSOP #:	001-13746-00059					
I hereby certify that Silbe	erline Manufacturing Company, Inc. is	9 still in operation.9 no longer in operation.				
I hereby certify that Silb	erline Manufacturing Company, Inc. is	9 in compliance with the requirements of MSOP 001-13746-00059. 9 not in compliance with the requirements of MSOP 001-13746-00059.				
Authorized Individua	l (typed):					
Title:						
Signature:						
Date:						
	ns or requirements for which the source ource did or will achieve compliance and	is not in compliance, provide a narrative I the date compliance was, or will be				
Noncompliance:						

Silberline Manufacturing Company, Inc. Decatur, Indiana Permit Reviewer: ERG/AR

*SEE PAGE 2

MALFUNCTION REPORT

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY FAX NUMBER - 317 233-5967

This form should only be used to report malfunctions applicable to Rule 326 and to qualify for the exemption under 326 IAC 1-6-4.	6 IAC 1-6
THIS FACILITY MEETS THE APPLICABILITY REQUIREMENTS BECAUSE IT HAS POTENTIAL TO PARTICULATE MATTER?, 25 TONS/YEAR SULFUR DIOXIDE?, 25 TONS/YEAR NI 25 TONS/YEAR VOC?, 25 TONS/YEAR HYDROGEN SULFIDE?, 25 TONS/YEAR TOC?, 25 TONS/YEAR REDUCED SULFUR COMPOUNDS?, 25 TONS/YEAR FLUORIDE CARBON MONOXIDE?, 10 TONS/YEAR ANY SINGLE HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANT? COMBINATION HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANT?, 1 TON/YEAR LEAD OR LEAD COMPOUI ELEMENTAL LEAD?, OR IS A SOURCE LISTED UNDER 326 IAC 2-5.1-3(2)? EMIS MALFUNCTIONING CONTROL EQUIPMENT OR PROCESS EQUIPMENT CAUSED EMISSIONS I APPLICABLE LIMITATION	ITROGEN OXIDES?, DTAL REDUCED SULFUR S ?, 100TONS/YEAR, 25 TONS/YEAR ANY NDS MEASURED AS SIONS FROM
THIS MALFUNCTION RESULTED IN A VIOLATION OF: 326 IAC OR, PERMIT CONDITION PERMIT LIMIT OF	ON # AND/OR
THIS INCIDENT MEETS THE DEFINITION OF 'MALFUNCTION' AS LISTED ON REVERSE SIDE ?	? Y N
THIS MALFUNCTION IS OR WILL BE LONGER THAN THE ONE (1) HOUR REPORTING REQUIR	EMENT? Y N
COMPANY:PHONE NO. ()	
COMPANY:PHONE NO. () LOCATION: (CITY AND COUNTY) PERMIT NOAFS PLANT ID:AFS POINT ID:	INICD:
CONTROL/PROCESS DEVICE WHICH MALFUNCTIONED AND REASON:	INOF
DATE/TIME MALFUNCTION STARTED:/ 20	AM / PN
ESTIMATED HOURS OF OPERATION WITH MALFUNCTION CONDITION:	
DATE/TIME CONTROL EQUIPMENT BACK-IN SERVICE// 20	AM/PM
TYPE OF POLLUTANTS EMITTED: TSP, PM-10, SO2, VOC, OTHER:	
ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF POLLUTANT EMITTED DURING MALFUNCTION:	
MEASURES TAKEN TO MINIMIZE EMISSIONS:	
REASONS WHY FACILITY CANNOT BE SHUTDOWN DURING REPAIRS:	
CONTINUED OPERATION REQUIRED TO PROVIDE ESSENTIAL* SERVICES:	
CONTINUED OPERATION NECESSARY TO PREVENT INJURY TO PERSONS: CONTINUED OPERATION NECESSARY TO PREVENT SEVERE DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT: INTERIM CONTROL MEASURES: (IF APPLICABLE)	
MALFUNCTION REPORTED BY:TITLE:TITLE:	
MALEUNCTION RECORDED BY: DATE: TIME:	

Silberline Manufacturing Company, Inc. Decatur, Indiana Permit Reviewer: ERG/AR

Please note - This form should only be used to report malfunctions applicable to Rule 326 IAC 1-6 and to qualify for the exemption under 326 IAC 1-6-4.

326 IAC 1-6-1 Applicability of rule

Sec. 1. This rule applies to the owner or operator of any facility required to obtain a permit under 326 IAC 2-5.1 or 326 IAC 2-6.1.

326 IAC 1-2-39 "Malfunction" definition

Sec. 39. Any sudden, unavoidable failure of any air pollution control equipment, process, or combustion or process equipment to operate in a normal and usual manner.

*<u>Essential services</u> are interpreted to mean those operations, such as, the providing of electricity by power plants. Continued operation solely for the economic benefit of the owner or operator shall not be sufficient reason why a facility cannot be shutdown during a control equipment shutdown.

If this item is checked on the front, please explain rationale:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management Office of Air Quality

Addendum to the Technical Support Document for a Minor Source Operating Permit (MSOP)

Source Background and Description

Source Name: Silberline Manufacturing Company, Inc.

Source Location: 2010 Guy Brown Drive, Decatur, Indiana 46733

County: Adams SIC Code: 3399

Operation Permit No.: 001-13746-00059

Permit Reviewer: ERG/AR

On March 22, 2002, the Office of Air Quality (OAQ) had a notice published in the Decatur Daily Democrat, Decatur, Indiana, stating that Silberline Manufacturing Company, Inc. had applied for a Minor Source Operating Permit (MSOP) relating to the construction and operation of an aluminum pigment manufacturing facility with control. The notice also stated that OAQ proposed to issue a permit for this operation and provided information on how the public could review the proposed permit and other documentation. Finally, the notice informed interested parties that there was a period of thirty (30) days to provide comments on whether or not this permit should be issued as proposed.

Upon further review, the OAQ has decided to make the following revisions to the permit (bolded language has been added, the language with a line through it has been deleted). The Table Of Contents has been modified to reflect these changes.

1. In Sections D.1 and D.2 several rule citations were incorrect. The following rule corrections have been made to the permit:

SECTION D.1 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-6.1]-8-4(10):

- (a) One (1) aluminum pigment manufacturing process consisting of mills, screens, distillation columns, presses, and mixers.
- (b) Six (6) storage tanks used to store mineral spirits. Four of the tanks were constructed in 1987, one was constructed in 1993, and the other will be constructed in 2002.
- (c) One (1) parts washer used for miscellaneous equipment/tool washing, with a maximum solvent consumption of 0.25 gallons per day.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-6.1-58-4(1)]

D.1.1 Storage Vessels [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [326 IAC 12]

Silberline Manufacturing Company, Inc.

Decatur, Indiana

Permit Reviewer: ERG/AR

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Record Keeping and Reporting Requirement [326 IAC 2-5.1-3(e)(2)8-4(3)] [326 IAC 2-6.1-5(a)(2)8-16]

D.1.4 Record Keeping Requirements

SECTION D.2

EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-6.1] 8-4(10):

- (d) One (1) boiler, labeled #113, with a maximum heat input capacity of 5.1 million Btu per hour.
- (e) One (1) boiler, labeled #114, with a maximum heat input capacity of 5.0 million Btu per hour.
- (f) One (1) boiler, labeled #115, with a maximum heat input capacity of 2.6 million Btu per hour.
- (g) One (1) boiler, labeled #116, with a maximum heat input capacity of 1.8 million Btu per hour.
- (h) Eight (8) space heaters , labeled # 117, with a maximum heat input capacity of 0.8 million Btu per hour each.
- (i) Seven (7) space heaters labeled #118, with a maximum heat input capacity of 0.4 million Btu per hour each.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-6.1-5(1)]

Indiana Department of Environmental Management Office of Air Quality

Technical Support Document (TSD) for a New Source Construction and Minor Source Operating Permit

Source Background and Description

Source Name: Silberline Manufacturing Company, Inc.

Source Location: 2010 Guy Brown Drive, Decatur, Indiana 46733

County: Adams SIC Code: 3399

Operation Permit No.: 001-13746-00059

Permit Reviewer: ERG/AB

The Office of Air Quality (OAQ) has reviewed an application from Siberline Manufacturing Company, Inc. relating to the construction and operation of an aluminum pigment manufacturing facility.

Permitted Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment

There are no permitted facilities operating at this source during this review process.

Unpermitted Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment

The source also consists of the following unpermitted facilities/units:

- (a) One (1) aluminum pigment manufacturing process consisting of mills, screens, distillation columns, presses, and mixers.
- (b) Five (5) storage tanks used to store mineral spirits. Four of the tanks were constructed in 1987 and the other one was constructed in 1993.
- (c) One (1) parts washer used for miscellaneous equipment/tool washing, with a maximum solvent consumption of 0.25 gallons per day.
- (d) One (1) boiler, labeled #113, with a maximum heat input capacity of 5.1 million Btu per hour.
- (e) One (1) boiler, labeled #114, with a maximum heat input capacity of 5.0 million Btu per hour.
- (f) One (1) boiler, labeled #115, with a maximum heat input capacity of 2.6 million Btu per hour.
- (g) One (1) boiler, labeled #116, with a maximum heat input capacity of 1.8 million Btu per hour.
- (h) Eight (8) space heaters, labeled # 117, with a maximum heat input capacity of 0.8 million Btu per hour each.

(i) Seven (7) space heaters labeled #118, with a maximum heat input capacity of 0.4 million Btu per hour each.

Maximum capacities and throughputs not listed in the descriptions above have been included in an OAQ confidential file.

New Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment Receiving Prior Approval

- (a) Screens and mixer are being added to the aluminum pigment manufacturing process. This addition will not increase the maximum operating capacity
- (b) One (1) storage tank used to store mineral spirits.

Maximum capacities and throughputs not listed in the descriptions above have been included in an OAQ confidential file.

Existing Approvals

There are no existing approvals for this source.

Enforcement Issue

- (a) IDEM is aware that equipment has been constructed and operated prior to receipt of the proper permit. The subject equipment is listed in this Technical Support Document under the condition entitled *Unpermitted Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment*.
- (b) IDEM is reviewing this matter and will take appropriate action. This proposed permit is intended to satisfy the requirements of the construction permit rules.

Stack Summary

Stack ID	Operation	Height (feet)	Diameter (feet)	Flow Rate (acfm)	Temperature (°F)
S01	Milling	14	18	Ambient	192 max
S02	Milling and Presses	15	18	Ambient	750 max (Est.)
S03	Presses	14	16	Ambient	1000 max (Est.)
S04	Special Processes	21	4	Ambient	250 max (Est.)
S13	Kewanee Boiler	31	14	400 F (Est.)	2500 max (Est.)
S14	Johnston Boiler	31	15.5	400 F (Est.)	2500 max (Est.)
S15	Burnham Boiler	34	30	400 F (Est.)	1300 max (Est.)
S16	Konus Kessel Boiler	25	24	400 F (Est.)	1000 max (Est.)

Recommendation

The staff recommends to the Commissioner that the construction and operation be approved. This recommendation is based on the following facts and conditions:

Unless otherwise stated, information used in this review was derived from the application and additional information submitted by the applicant.

An application for the purposes of this review was received on January 9, 2001, with additional information received on January 28, 2001.

Emission Calculations

The emission calculations contain confidential information regarding the raw material input and process design. Therefore, this information has not been included for public review. The OAQ has reviewed and accepted the emission calculations. Calculations that are not confidential are included in Appendix A, pages 1 through 3.

Potential To Emit of Source Before Controls

Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(16), Potential to Emit is defined as "the maximum capacity of a stationary source or emissions unit to emit any air pollutant under its physical and operational design. Any physical or operational limitation on the capacity of a source to emit an air pollutant, including air pollution control equipment and restrictions on hours of operation or type or amount of material combusted, stored, or processed shall be treated as part of its design if the limitation is enforceable by the U. S. EPA, the department, or the appropriate local air pollution control agency."

Pollutant	Potential To Emit (tons/year)
PM	0.9
PM-10	0.9
SO ₂	
VOC	63.0
CO	8.8
NO _x	10.4

HAP's	Potential To Emit (tons/year)		
Hexane	0.19		
TOTAL	0.20		

This table includes emissions from the existing source and the new equipment.

- (a) The potential to emit (as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(29)) of pollutants are less than 100 tons per year. Therefore, the source is not subject to the provisions of 326 IAC 2-7.
- (b) The potential to emit (as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(29)) of pollutants are greater than 25 tons per year, therefore, the source is subject to the provisions of 326 IAC 2-6.1.
- (c) The potential to emit (as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(29)) of any single HAP is less than ten (10) tons per year and/or the potential to emit (as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(29)) of a combination of HAPs is less than twenty-five (25) tons per year, therefore, the source is not subject to the provisions of 326 IAC 2-7.
- (e) Fugitive Emissions
 Since this type of operation is not one of the twenty-eight (28) listed source categories under 326 IAC 2-2 and since there are no applicable New Source Performance Standards that were in effect on August 7, 1980, the fugitive particulate matter (PM) and

volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions are not counted toward determination of PSD and Emission Offset applicability.

County Attainment Status

The source is located in Adams County.

Pollutant	Status
PM-10	Attainment
SO ₂	Attainment
NO ₂	Attainment
Ozone	Attainment
СО	Attainment
Lead	Attainment

- (a) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) and are precursors for the formation of ozone. Therefore, VOC emissions are considered when evaluating the rule applicability relating to the ozone standards. Adams County has been designated as attainment or unclassifiable for ozone. Therefore, VOC emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 326 IAC 2-2 and 40 CFR 52.21.
- (b) Adams County has been classified as attainment or unclassifiable for all other criteria pollutants. Therefore, these emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 326 IAC 2-2 and 40 CFR 52.21.

Part 70 Permit Determination

326 IAC 2-7 (Part 70 Permit Program)

This source is not subject to the Part 70 Permit requirements because the potential to emit (PTE) of:

- (a) each criteria pollutant is less than 100 tons per year,
- (b) a single hazardous air pollutant (HAP) is less than 10 tons per year, and
- (c) any combination of HAPs is less than 25 tons/year.

This is the first air approval issued to this source.

Federal Rule Applicability

- (a) This source is not subject to the requirements of the New Source Performance Standard, 326 IAC 12, (40 CFR 60, Subpart Db), because this source does not operate any boilers with a heat input capacity greater than 100 million Btu per hour.
- (b) This source is not subject to the requirements of the New Source Performance Standard, 326 IAC 12, (40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc), because this source does not operate any boilers with a heat input capacity greater than or equal to 10 million Btu per hour.
- (c) This source is not subject to the requirements of the New Source Performance Standard, 326 IAC 12, (40 CFR 60, Subpart S), because this source does not manufacture aluminum by electrolytic reduction.
- (d) This source is subject to the New Source Performance Standard (NSPS), 326 IAC 12, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Kb Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984, because all of the storage tanks at this source were constructed after 1984, are larger than 40 m³, and they

all store volatile organic compounds. These storage tanks are subject only to the record keeping provisions of 40 CFR 60.116b paragraphs (a) and (b).

(e) The parts washer is not subject to the requirements of the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs), Subpart T because halogenated solvents are not used in these degreasing operations.

State Rule Applicability - Entire Source

326 IAC 2-6 (Emission Reporting)

This source is located in Adams County and the potential to emit all criteria pollutants is less than one hundred (100) tons per year. Therefore, 326 IAC 2-6 does not apply.

326 IAC 5-1 (Visible Emissions Limitations)

Pursuant to 326 IAC 5-1-2 (Opacity Limitations), except as provided in 326 IAC 5-1-3 (Temporary Alternative Opacity Limitations), opacity shall meet the following, unless otherwise stated in this permit:

- (a) Opacity shall not exceed an average of forty percent (40%) any one (1) six (6) minute averaging period as determined in 326 IAC 5-1-4.
- (b) Opacity shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) for more than a cumulative total of fifteen (15) minutes (sixty (60) readings) as measured according to 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 9 or fifteen (15) one (1) minute nonoverlapping integrated averages for a continuous opacity monitor) in a six (6) hour period.

State Rule Applicability - Individual Facilities

326 IAC 6-3-2 (Process Operations)

This rule does not apply because there are no non-combustion sources of PM at the source.

326 IAC 6-2-3 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Source of Indirect Heating)

326 IAC 6-2-3 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating) applies to boiler #113 and #114 because they were constructed in 1973 and 1977, respectively, which are before the applicability date of September 21, 1983 for Section 4 of this rule. Therefore Section 3 is applicable. Pursuant to this rule, the particulate matter (PM) from the following units shall be limited as follows:

Year	Unit	Q (MMBtu/hr)	Stack Height (ft)	Number of stacks	Pt (lb/MMBtu)	Emission Limit (lb/MMBtu) for each unit
1973	#113	5.081	31	1	4.0	0.6
1977	#114	5.1 + 5.0 = 10.1	31	2	2.0	0.6

The limitations for boiler #113 and #114 is the lesser of 0.6 lb/MMBtu and the limit calculated using the equation below:

Pt =
$$\frac{C \times a \times h}{76.5 \times Q^{0.75} \times N^{0.25}}$$

Where $C = 50 \text{ u/m}^3$

Pt = pounds of particulate matter emitted per million Btu heat input (lb/MMBtu)

Q = total source maximum operating capacity rating (MMBtu/hr)

N = number of stacks

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Silberline Manufacturing Company, Inc. Decatur, Indiana

Decatur, Indiana

Permit Reviewer: ERG/AR

a = plume rise factor (0.67)
h = stack height (ft)

326 IAC 6-2-4 (Particulate Emissions Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating)

Boilers #115 and #116 are subject to 326 IAC 6-2-4 (Particulate Emissions Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating) because they were constructed in 1988 and 1989, respectively which are after the applicability date of September 21, 1983 for this rule. Pursuant to this rule, the particulate matter emissions from boiler #115 and #116 shall be limited to 0.57 and 0.54 pounds per million British thermal units heat input, respectively. The particulate matter (PM) from the following units shall be limited as follows:

Year	Unit	Q (MMBtu/hr)	Pt (lb/MMBtu)	Emission Limit (lb/MMBtu) for each unit
1988	#115	5.1+ 5.0 + 1.8 = 11.8	0.57	0.57
1989	#116	5.1 + 5.0 + 1.8 + 2.6 = 14.5	0.54	0.54

$$Pt = \frac{1.09}{Q^{0.26}}$$

where Pt = Pounds of particulate matter emitted per million Btu (lb/MMBtu) heat

input; and

Q = Total source maximum operating capacity (MMBtu/hr)

326 IAC 8-3-2 Cold Cleaner Operation

The parts washer used for miscellaneous equipment/tool washing is subject to 326 IAC 8-3-2 because the parts washer is a new facility after January 1, 1980 and it performs organic solvent degreasing operations.

326 IAC 8-9 (Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels)

326 IAC 8-9 (Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels) does not apply to this source because this source is located in Adams County and this rule applies to sources located in Clark, Floyd, Lake, or Porter County.

Compliance Monitoring

A NSPS applies to this source, but the NSPS only requires record keeping. There are no emission limitations for this source, therefore, compliance monitoring or a preventive maintenance plan is not required for this source.

Conclusion

The construction and operation of this aluminum pigment manufacturing facility shall be subject to the conditions of the attached New Source Construction and Minor Source Operating Permit 001-13746-00059.

Appendix A: Emissions Calculations Natural Gas Combustion Only MM BTU/HR <100

Small Industrial Boilers #113-116 and 15 Space Heaters

Company Name: Silberline Manufacturing

Address City IN Zip: 2010 Guy Brown Drive, Decatur, Indiana 46733

CP: 001-13746-00059

Plt ID: 001-00059 Reviewer: ERG/AR

Date: March 14, 2002

Heat Input Capacity Potential Throughput

MMBtu/hr MMCF/yr

23.7 207.9

Pollutant

Emission Factor in lb/MMCF	PM* 7.6	PM10* 7.6	SO2 0.6	NOx 100.0	VOC 5.5	CO 84.0
				**see below		
Potential Emission in tons/yr	0.8	0.8	0.1	10.4	0.6	8.7

^{*}PM emission factor is filterable PM only. PM10 emission factor is filterable and condensable PM10 combined.

Methodology

All emission factors are based on normal firing.

MMBtu = 1,000,000 Btu

MMCF = 1,000,000 Cubic Feet of Gas

Potential Throughput (MMCF) = Heat Input Capacity (MMBtu/hr) x 8,760 hrs/yr x 1 MMCF/1,000 MMBtu

Emission Factors are from AP 42, Chapter 1.4, Tables 1.4-1, 1.4-2, 1.4-3, SCC #1-02-006-02, 1-01-006-02, 1-03-006-02, and 1-03-006-03

(SUPPLEMENT D 3/98)

Emission (tons/yr) = Throughput (MMCF/yr) x Emission Factor (lb/MMCF)/2,000 lb/ton

^{**}Emission Factors for NOx: Uncontrolled = 100, Low NOx Burner = 50, Low NOx Burners/Flue gas recirculation = 32

Appendix A: Emissions Calculations Natural Gas Combustion Only

MM BTU/HR <100

Small Industrial Boiler #113

HAPs Emissions

Company Name: Silberline Manufacturing

Address City IN Zip: 2010 Guy Brown Drive, Decatur, Indiana 46733

CP: 001-13746-00059

PIt ID: 001-00059

Reviewer: ERG/AR

Date: March 14, 2002

HAPs - Organics

Emission Factor in lb/MMcf	Benzene 2.1E-03	Dichlorobenzene	Formaldehyde 7.5E-02	Hexane 1.8E+00	Toluene 3.4E-03
Emilioni i dotor in is/wivio	2.12 00	1.22 00	7.02 02	1.02 - 00	0.12 00
Potential Emission in tons/yr	2.183E-04	1.247E-04	7.796E-03	1.871E-01	3.534E-04

HAPs - Metals

Emission Factor in lb/MMcf	Lead	Cadmium	Chromium	Manganese	Nickel
	5.0E-04	1.1E-03	1.4E-03	3.8E-04	2.1E-03
Potential Emission in tons/yr	5.197E-05	1.143E-04	1.455E-04	3.950E-05	2.183E-04

Methodology is the same as previous page.

The five highest organic and metal HAPs emission factors are provided above. Additional HAPs emission factors are available in AP-42, Chapter 1.4.

Appendix A: Emissions Calculations Page 3 of 3 TSD App A

Degreasing Operations

Company Name: Silberline Manufacturing

Address City IN Zip: 2010 Guy Brown Drive, Decatur, Indiana 46733

CP: 001-13746-00059

Plt ID: 001-00059 Reviewer: ERG/AR Date: 24-Aug-01

Solvent Consumption = 0.25 gallons/day Solvent Density = 0.8 pounds/gallon

Percent Volatility = 100 %

Potential to Emit = 1.7 pounds/day = 0.31025 tons/year

Methodology: (Solvent Consumption)*(Solvent Density)*(1 ton/2000 pounds)*(365 days/1 year)

Environmental Protection Agency

(2) Each owner or operator of each storage vessel equipped with a vapor recovery and return or disposal system in accordance with the requirements of §60.112a (a)(3) and (b).

[45 FR 23379, Apr. 4, 1980]

Subpart Kb—Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984

Source: $52\ FR\ 11429$, Apr. 8, 1987, unless otherwise noted.

§ 60.110b Applicability and designation of affected facility.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the affected facility to which this subpart applies is each storage vessel with a capacity greater than or equal to 40 cubic meters (m³) that is used to store volatile organic liquids (VOL's) for which construction, reconstruction, or modification is commenced after July 23, 1984
- (b) Except as specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of $\S60.116b$, storage vessels with design capacity less than 75 m³ are exempt from the General Provisions (part 60, subpart A) and from the provisions of this subpart.
- (c) Except as specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of §60.116b, vessels either with a capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure less than 3.5 kPa or with a capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure less than 15.0 kPa are exempt from the General Provisions (part 60, subpart A) and from the provisions of this subpart.
- (d) This subpart does not apply to the following:
- (1) Vessels at coke oven by-product plants.
- (2) Pressure vessels designed to operate in excess of 204.9 kPa and without emissions to the atmosphere.

- (3) Vessels permanently attached to mobile vehicles such as trucks, railcars, barges, or ships.
- (4) Vessels with a design capacity less than or equal to 1,589.874 m³ used for petroleum or condensate stored, processed, or treated prior to custody transfer.
- (5) Vessels located at bulk gasoline plants.
- (6) Storage vessels located at gasoline service stations.
- (7) Vessels used to store beverage alcohol.

[52 FR 11429, Apr. 8, 1987, as amended at 54 FR 32973, Aug. 11, 1989]

§ 60.111b Definitions.

Terms used in this subpart are defined in the Act, in subpart A of this part, or in this subpart as follows:

- (a) Bulk gasoline plant means any gasoline distribution facility that has a gasoline throughput less than or equal to 75,700 liters per day. Gasoline throughput shall be the maximum calculated design throughput as may be limited by compliance with an enforceable condition under Federal requirement or Federal, State or local law, and discoverable by the Administrator and any other person.
- (b) Condensate means hydrocarbon liquid separated from natural gas that condenses due to changes in the temperature or pressure, or both, and remains liquid at standard conditions.
- (c) Custody transfer means the transfer of produced petroleum and/or condensate, after processing and/or treatment in the producing operations, from storage vessels or automatic transfer facilities to pipelines or any other forms of transportation.
- (d) *Fill* means the introduction of VOL into a storage vessel but not necessarily to complete capacity.
- (e) Gasoline service station means any site where gasoline is dispensed to motor vehicle fuel tanks from stationary storage tanks.
- (f) Maximum true vapor pressure means the equilibrium partial pressure exerted by the stored VOL at the temperature equal to the highest calendarmonth average of the VOL storage temperature for VOL's stored above or below the ambient temperature or at the local maximum monthly average

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temperature as reported by the National Weather Service for VOL's stored at the ambient temperature, as determined:

- (1) In accordance with methods described in American Petroleum institute Bulletin 2517, Evaporation Loss From External Floating Roof Tanks, (incorporated by reference—see §60.17); or
- (2) As obtained from standard reference texts; or
- (3) As determined by ASTM Method D2879-83 (incorporated by reference—see §60.17);
- (4) Any other method approved by the Administrator.
- (g) Reid vapor pressure means the absolute vapor pressure of volatile crude oil and volatile nonviscous petroleum liquids except liquified petroleum gases, as determined by ASTM D323-82 (incorporated by reference—see §60.17).
- (h) *Petroleum* means the crude oil removed from the earth and the oils derived from tar sands, shale, and coal.
- (i) *Petroleum liquids* means petroleum, condensate, and any finished or intermediate products manufactured in a petroleum refinery.
- (j) Storage vessel means each tank, reservoir, or container used for the storage of volatile organic liquids but does not include:
- (1) Frames, housing, auxiliary supports, or other components that are not directly involved in the containment of liquids or vapors; or
- (2) Subsurface caverns or porous rock reservoirs.
- (k) Volatile organic liquid (VOL) means any organic liquid which can emit volatile organic compounds into the atmosphere except those VOL's that emit only those compounds which the Administrator has determined do not contribute appreciably to the formation of ozone. These compounds are identified in EPA statements on ozone abatement policy for SIP revisions (42 FR 35314, 44 FR 32042, 45 FR 32424, and 45 FR 48941).
- (l) Waste means any liquid resulting from industrial, commercial, mining or agricultural operations, or from community activities that is discarded or is being accumulated, stored, or physically, chemically, or biologically

treated prior to being discarded or recycled.

[52 FR 11429, Apr. 8, 1987, as amended at 54 FR 32973, Aug. 11, 1989]

§ 60.112b Standard for volatile organic compounds (VOC).

- (a) The owner or operator of each storage vessel either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ containing a VOL that, as stored, has a maximum true vapor pressure equal to or greater than 5.2 kPa but less than 76.6 kPa or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ containing a VOL that, as stored, has a maximum true vapor pressure equal to or greater than 27.6 kPa but less than 76.6 kPa, shall equip each storage vessel with one of the following:
- (1) A fixed roof in combination with an internal floating roof meeting the following specifications:
- (i) The internal floating roof shall rest or float on the liquid surface (but not necessarily in complete contact with it) inside a storage vessel that has a fixed roof. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the liquid surface at all times, except during initial fill and during those intervals when the storage vessel is completely emptied or subsequently emptied and refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible.
- (ii) Each internal floating roof shall be equipped with one of the following closure devices between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof:
- (A) A foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid (liquid-mounted seal). A liquid-mounted seal means a foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid between the wall of the storage vessel and the floating roof continuously around the circumference of the tank.
- (B) Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof. The lower seal may be

vapor-mounted, but both must be continuous.

- (C) A mechanical shoe seal. A mechanical shoe seal is a metal sheet held vertically against the wall of the storage vessel by springs or weighted levers and is connected by braces to the floating roof. A flexible coated fabric (envelope) spans the annular space between the metal sheet and the floating roof.
- (iii) Each opening in a noncontact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and the rim space vents is to provide a projection below the liquid surface.
- (iv) Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use.
- (v) Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports.
- (vi) Rim space vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
- (vii) Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The sample well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening.
- (viii) Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover.
- (ix) Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover
- (2) An external floating roof. An external floating roof means a pontoontype or double-deck type cover that rests on the liquid surface in a vessel

with no fixed roof. Each external floating roof must meet the following specifications:

- (i) Each external floating roof shall be equipped with a closure device between the wall of the storage vessel and the roof edge. The closure device is to consist of two seals, one above the other. The lower seal is referred to as the primary seal, and the upper seal is referred to as the secondary seal.
- (A) The primary seal shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. Except as provided in §60.113b(b)(4), the seal shall completely cover the annular space between the edge of the floating roof and tank wall.
- (B) The secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion except as allowed in §60.113b(b)(4).
- (ii) Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim space vents, each opening in a noncontact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof is to be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. Automatic bleeder vents are to be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. Rim vents are to be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof legs supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. Automatic bleeder vents and rim space vents are to be gasketed. Each emergency roof drain is to be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the open-
- (iii) The roof shall be floating on the liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during initial fill until the roof is lifted off leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. The process of filling, emptying, or refilling when the roof is resting on the leg supports shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible.

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- (3) A closed vent system and control device meeting the following specifications:
- (i) The closed vent system shall be designed to collect all VOC vapors and gases discharged from the storage vessel and operated with no detectable emissions as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background and visual inspections, as determined in part 60, subpart VV, § 60.485(b).
- (ii) The control device shall be designed and operated to reduce inlet VOC emissions by 95 percent or greater. If a flare is used as the control device, it shall meet the specifications described in the general control device requirements (§60.18) of the General Provisions.
- (4) A system equivalent to those described in paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) of this section as provided in §60.114b of this subpart.
- (b) The owner or operator of each storage vessel with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ which contains a VOL that, as stored, has a maximum true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 76.6 kPa shall equip each storage vessel with one of the following:
- (1) A closed vent system and control device as specified in §60.112b(a)(3).
- (2) A system equivalent to that described in paragraph (b)(1) as provided in §60.114b of this subpart.
- (c) Site-specific standard for Merck & Co., Inc.'s Stonewall Plant in Elkton, Virginia. This paragraph applies only to the pharmaceutical manufacturing facility, commonly referred to as the Stonewall Plant, located at Route 340 South, in Elkton, Virginia ("site").
- (1) For any storage vessel that otherwise would be subject to the control technology requirements of paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section, the site shall have the option of either complying directly with the requirements of this subpart, or reducing the site-wide total criteria pollutant emissions cap (total emissions cap) in accordance with the procedures set forth in a permit issued pursuant to 40 CFR 52.2454. If the site chooses the option of reducing the total emissions cap in accordance with the procedures set forth in such permit, the requirements of such permit

shall apply in lieu of the otherwise applicable requirements of this subpart for such storage vessel.

(2) For any storage vessel at the site not subject to the requirements of 40 CFR 60.112b (a) or (b), the requirements of 40 CFR 60.116b (b) and (c) and the General Provisions (subpart A of this part) shall not apply.

[52 FR 11429, Apr. 8, 1987, as amended at 62 FR 52641, Oct. 8, 1997]

§ 60.113b Testing and procedures.

The owner or operator of each storage vessel as specified in §60.112b(a) shall meet the requirements of paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of this section. The applicable paragraph for a particular storage vessel depends on the control equipment installed to meet the requirements of §60.112b.

- (a) After installing the control equipment required to meet §60.112b(a)(1) (permanently affixed roof and internal floating roof), each owner or operator shall:
- (1) Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, and the secondary seal (if one is in service), prior to filling the storage vessel with VOL. If there are holes, tears, or other openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, or the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof, or both, the owner or operator shall repair the items before filling the storage vessel.
- (2) For Vessels equipped with a liquid-mounted or mechanical shoe primary seal, visually inspect the internal floating roof and the primary seal or the secondary seal (if one is in service) through manholes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months after initial fill. If the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL inside the storage vessel, or there is liquid accumulated on the roof, or the seal is detached, or there are holes or tears in the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If a failure that is detected during inspections required in this paragraph cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be

emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the Administrator in the inspection report required in §60.115b(a)(3). Such a request for an extension must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible.

- (3) For vessels equipped with a double-seal system as specified in §60.112b(a)(1)(ii)(B):
- (i) Visually inspect the vessel as specified in paragraph (a)(4) of this section at least every 5 years; or
- (ii) Visually inspect the vessel as specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section
- (4) Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, the secondary seal (if one is in service), gaskets, slotted membranes and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed. If the internal floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surfaces from the atmosphere, or the slotted membrane has more than 10 percent open area, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this paragraph exist before refilling the storage vessel with VOL. In no event shall inspections conducted in accordance with this provision occur at intervals greater than 10 years in the case of vessels conducting the annual visual inspection as specified in paragraphs (a)(2) and (a)(3)(ii) of this section and at intervals no greater than 5 years in the case of vessels specified in paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section.
- (5) Notify the Administrator in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel for which an inspection is required by paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(4) of this section to afford the Administrator the opportunity to have an observer present. If the inspection required by paragraph (a)(4) of this section is not planned and the owner or operator

could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance or refilling the tank, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so that it is received by the Administrator at least 7 days prior to the refilling.

(b) After installing the control equipment required to meet §60.112b(a)(2) (external floating roof), the owner or operator shall:

(1) Determine the gap areas and maximum gap widths, between the primary seal and the wall of the storage vessel and between the secondary seal and the wall of the storage vessel according to the following frequency.

(i) Measurements of gaps between the tank wall and the primary seal (seal gaps) shall be performed during the hydrostatic testing of the vessel or within 60 days of the initial fill with VOL and at least once every 5 years thereafter.

(ii) Measurements of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall be performed within 60 days of the initial fill with VOL and at least once per year thereafter.

(iii) If any source ceases to store VOL for a period of 1 year or more, subsequent introduction of VOL into the vessel shall be considered an initial fill for the purposes of paragraphs (b)(1)(i) and (b)(1)(ii) of this section.

(2) Determine gap widths and areas in the primary and secondary seals individually by the following procedures:

- (i) Measure seal gaps, if any, at one or more floating roof levels when the roof is floating off the roof leg supports.
- (ii) Measure seal gaps around the entire circumference of the tank in each place where a 0.32-cm diameter uniform probe passes freely (without forcing or binding against seal) between the seal and the wall of the storage vessel and measure the circumferential distance of each such location.
- (iii) The total surface area of each gap described in paragraph (b)(2)(ii) of

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this section shall be determined by using probes of various widths to measure accurately the actual distance from the tank wall to the seal and multiplying each such width by its respective circumferential distance.

(3) Add the gap surface area of each gap location for the primary seal and the secondary seal individually and divide the sum for each seal by the nominal diameter of the tank and compare each ratio to the respective standards in paragraph (b)(4) of this section.

(4) Make necessary repairs or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification in any inspection for seals not meeting the requirements listed in (b)(4) (i) and (ii) of this section:

(i) The accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 Cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 3.81 cm.

(A) One end of the mechanical shoe is to extend into the stored liquid, and the other end is to extend a minimum vertical distance of 61 cm above the stored liquid surface.

(B) There are to be no holes, tears, or other openings in the shoe, seal fabric, or seal envelope.

(ii) The secondary seal is to meet the following requirements:

(A) The secondary seal is to be installed above the primary seal so that it completely covers the space between the roof edge and the tank wall except as provided in paragraph (b)(2)(iii) of this section.

(B) The accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm.

(C) There are to be no holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric.

(iii) If a failure that is detected during inspections required in paragraph (b)(1) of §60.113b(b) cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the Administrator in the inspection report required in §60.115b(b)(4). Such extension

request must include a demonstration of unavailability of alternate storage capacity and a specification of a schedule that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible.

(5) Notify the Administrator 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by paragraph (b)(1) of this section to afford the Administrator the opportunity to have an observer present.

(6) Visually inspect the external floating roof, the primary seal, secondary seal, and fittings each time the vessel is emptied and degassed.

(i) If the external floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this paragraph exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL.

(ii) For all the inspections required by paragraph (b)(6) of this section, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the Administrator the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling. If the inspection required by paragraph (b)(6) of this section is not planned and the owner or operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so that it is received by the Administrator at least 7 days prior to the refilling.

(c) The owner or operator of each source that is equipped with a closed vent system and control device as required in §60.112b (a)(3) or (b)(2) (other than a flare) is exempt from §60.8 of the General Provisions and shall meet the following requirements.

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- (1) Submit for approval by the Administrator as an attachment to the notification required by $\S60.7(a)(1)$ or, if the facility is exempt from $\S60.7(a)(1)$, as an attachment to the notification required by $\S60.7(a)(2)$, an operating plan containing the information listed below.
- (i) Documentation demonstrating that the control device will achieve the required control efficiency during maximum loading conditions. This documentation is to include a description of the gas stream which enters the control device, including flow and VOC content under varying liquid level conditions (dynamic and static) and manufacturer's design specifications for the control device. If the control device or the closed vent capture system receives vapors, gases, or liquids other than fuels from sources that are not designated sources under this subpart, the efficiency demonstration is to include consideration of all vapors, gases, and liquids received by the closed vent capture system and control device. If an enclosed combustion device with a minimum residence time of 0.75 seconds and a minimum temperature of 816 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ is used to meet the 95 percent reguirement, documentation that those conditions will exist is sufficient to meet the requirements of this para-
- (ii) A description of the parameter or parameters to be monitored to ensure that the control device will be operated in conformance with its design and an explanation of the criteria used for selection of that parameter (or parameters).
- (2) Operate the closed vent system and control device and monitor the parameters of the closed vent system and control device in accordance with the operating plan submitted to the Administrator in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this section, unless the plan was modified by the Administrator during the review process. In this case, the modified plan applies.
- (d) The owner or operator of each source that is equipped with a closed vent system and a flare to meet the requirements in §60.112b (a)(3) or (b)(2) shall meet the requirements as speci-

fied in the general control device requirements, §60.18 (e) and (f).

[52 FR 11429, Apr. 8, 1987, as amended at 54 FR 32973, Aug. 11, 1989]

§ 60.114b Alternative means of emission limitation.

- (a) If, in the Administrator's judgment, an alternative means of emission limitation will achieve a reduction in emissions at least equivalent to the reduction in emissions achieved by any requirement in §60.112b, the Administrator will publish in the FEDERAL REGISTER a notice permitting the use of the alternative means for purposes of compliance with that requirement.
- (b) Any notice under paragraph (a) of this section will be published only after notice and an opportunity for a hearing.
- (c) Any person seeking permission under this section shall submit to the Administrator a written application including:
- (1) An actual emissions test that uses a full-sized or scale-model storage vessel that accurately collects and measures all VOC emissions from a given control device and that accurately simulates wind and accounts for other emission variables such as temperature and barometric pressure.
- (2) An engineering evaluation that the Administrator determines is an accurate method of determining equivalence.
- (d) The Administrator may condition the permission on requirements that may be necessary to ensure operation and maintenance to achieve the same emissions reduction as specified in \$60,112b.

§ 60.115b Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

The owner or operator of each storage vessel as specified in $\S 60.112b(a)$ shall keep records and furnish reports as required by paragraphs (a), (b), or (c) of this section depending upon the control equipment installed to meet the requirements of $\S 60.112b$. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all reports and records required by this section, except for the record required by (c)(1), for at least 2 years. The record required by (c)(1) will be kept for the life of the control equipment.

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- (a) After installing control equipment in accordance with §60.112b(a)(1) (fixed roof and internal floating roof), the owner or operator shall meet the following requirements.
- (1) Furnish the Administrator with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specifications of §60.112b(a)(1) and §60.113b(a)(1). This report shall be an attachment to the notification required by §60.7(a)(3).
- (2) Keep a record of each inspection performed as required by §60.113b (a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), and (a)(4). Each record shall identify the storage vessel on which the inspection was performed and shall contain the date the vessel was inspected and the observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings).
- (3) If any of the conditions described in §60.113b(a)(2) are detected during the annual visual inspection required by §60.113b(a)(2), a report shall be furnished to the Administrator within 30 days of the inspection. Each report shall identify the storage vessel, the nature of the defects, and the date the storage vessel was emptied or the nature of and date the repair was made.
- (4) After each inspection required by \$60.113b(a)(3) that finds holes or tears in the seal or seal fabric, or defects in the internal floating roof, or other control equipment defects listed in \$60.113b(a)(3)(ii), a report shall be furnished to the Administrator within 30 days of the inspection. The report shall identify the storage vessel and the reason it did not meet the specifications of \$61.112b(a)(1) or \$60.113b(a)(3) and list each repair made.
- (b) After installing control equipment in accordance with §61.112b(a)(2) (external floating roof), the owner or operator shall meet the following requirements.
- (1) Furnish the Administrator with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specifications of §60.112b(a)(2) and §60.113b(b)(2), (b)(3), and (b)(4). This report shall be an attachment to the notification required by §60.7(a)(3).
- (2) Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by

- §60.113b(b)(1), furnish the Administrator with a report that contains:
 - (i) The date of measurement.
- (ii) The raw data obtained in the measurement.
- (iii) The calculations described in $\S 60.113b (b)(2)$ and (b)(3).
- (3) Keep a record of each gap measurement performed as required by §60.113b(b). Each record shall identify the storage vessel in which the measurement was performed and shall contain:
 - (i) The date of measurement.
- (ii) The raw data obtained in the measurement.
- (iii) The calculations described in 60.113b (b)(2) and (b)(3).
- (4) After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding the limitations specified by §60.113b(b)(4), submit a report to the Administrator within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the information specified in paragraph (b)(2) of this section and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and date of repair.
- (c) After installing control equipment in accordance with §60.112b (a)(3) or (b)(1) (closed vent system and control device other than a flare), the owner or operator shall keep the following records.
 - (1) A copy of the operating plan.
- (2) A record of the measured values of the parameters monitored in accordance with §60.113b(c)(2).
- (d) After installing a closed vent system and flare to comply with §60.112b, the owner or operator shall meet the following requirements.
- (1) A report containing the measurements required by §60.18(f) (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6) shall be furnished to the Administrator as required by §60.8 of the General Provisions. This report shall be submitted within 6 months of the initial start-up date.
- (2) Records shall be kept of all periods of operation during which the flare pilot flame is absent.
- (3) Semiannual reports of all periods recorded under §60.115b(d)(2) in which the pilot flame was absent shall be furnished to the Administrator.

§ 60.116b Monitoring of operations.

(a) The owner or operator shall keep copies of all records required by this section, except for the record required by paragraph (b) of this section, for at least 2 years. The record required by paragraph (b) of this section will be kept for the life of the source.

(b) The owner or operator of each storage vessel as specified in §60.110b(a) shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. Each storage vessel with a design capacity less than 75 m³ is subject to no provision of this subpart other than those required

by this paragraph.

- (c) Except as provided in paragraphs (f) and (g) of this section, the owner or operator of each storage vessel either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 3.5 kPa or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 15.0 kPa shall maintain a record of the VOL stored, the period of storage, and the maximum true vapor pressure of that VOL during the respective storage period.
- (d) Except as provided in paragraph (g) of this section, the owner or operator of each storage vessel either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 5.2 kPa or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 27.6 kPa shall notify the Administrator within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor vapor pressure values for each volume range.
- (e) Available data on the storage temperature may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure as determined below.
- (1) For vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage

- temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service.
- (2) For crude oil or refined petroleum products the vapor pressure may be obtained by the following:
- (i) Available data on the Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517 (incorporated by reference—see §60.17), unless the Administrator specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s).
- (ii) The true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 13.8 kPa or with physical properties that preclude determination by the recommended method is to be determined from available data and recorded if the estimated maximum true vapor pressure is greater than 3.5 kPa.
- (3) For other liquids, the vapor pressure:
- (i) May be obtained from standard reference texts, or
- (ii) Determined by ASTM Method D2879-83 (incorporated by reference—see §60.17); or
- (iii) Measured by an appropriate method approved by the Administrator; or
- (iv) Calculated by an appropriate method approved by the Administrator.
- (f) The owner or operator of each vessel storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall be subject to the following requirements.
- (1) Prior to the initial filling of the vessel, the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of anticipated liquid compositions to be stored will be determined using the methods described in paragraph (e) of this section.

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- (2) For vessels in which the vapor pressure of the anticipated liquid composition is above the cutoff for monitoring but below the cutoff for controls as defined in §60.112b(a), an initial physical test of the vapor pressure is required; and a physical test at least once every 6 months thereafter is required as determined by the following methods:
- (i) ASTM Method D2879-83 (incorporated by reference—see §60.17); or
- (ii) ASTM Method D323-82 (incorporated by reference—see §60.17); or
- (iii) As measured by an appropriate method as approved by the Administrator.
- (g) The owner or operator of each vessel equipped with a closed vent system and control device meeting the specifications of §60.112b is exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section.

§ 60.117b Delegation of authority.

- (a) In delegating implementation and enforcement authority to a State under section 111(c) of the Act, the authorities contained in paragraph (b) of this section shall be retained by the Administrator and not transferred to a State.
- (b) Authorities which will not be delegated to States: $\S 60.111b(f)(4)$, 60.114b, 60.116b(e)(3)(iii), 60.116b(e)(3)(iv), and 60.116b(f)(2)(iii).

[52 FR 11429, Apr. 8, 1987, as amended at 52 FR 22780, June 16, 1987]

Subpart L—Standards of Performance for Secondary Lead Smelters

§ 60.120 Applicability and designation of affected facility.

- (a) The provisions of this subpart are applicable to the following affected facilities in secondary lead smelters: Pot furnaces of more than 250 kg (550 lb) charging capacity, blast (cupola) furnaces, and reverberatory furnaces.
- (b) Any facility under paragraph (a) of this section that commences construction or modification after June 11, 1973, is subject to the requirements of this subpart.

[42 FR 37937, July 25, 1977]

§ 60.121 Definitions.

As used in this subpart, all terms not defined herein shall have the meaning given them in the Act and in subpart A of this part.

- (a) *Reverberatory furnace* includes the following types of reverberatory furnaces: stationary, rotating, rocking, and tilting.
- (b) Secondary lead smelter means any facility producing lead from a leadbearing scrap material by smelting to the metallic form.
- (c) *Lead* means elemental lead or alloys in which the predominant component is lead.

[39 FR 9317, Mar. 8, 1974; 39 FR 13776, Apr. 17, 1974]

§ 60.122 Standard for particulate matter.

- (a) On and after the date on which the performance test required to be conducted by \$60.8 is completed, no owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere from a blast (cupola) or reverberatory furnace any gases which:
- (1) Contain particulate matter in excess of 50 mg/dscm (0.022 gr/dscf).
- (2) Exhibit 20 percent opacity or greater.
- (b) On and after the date on which the performance test required to be conducted by §60.8 is completed, no owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere from any pot furnace any gases which exhibit 10 percent opacity or greater.

[39 FR 9317, Mar. 8, 1974, as amended at 40 FR 46259, Oct. 6, 1975]

$\S 60.123$ Test methods and procedures.

- (a) In conducting the performance tests required in §60.8, the owner or operator shall use as reference methods and procedures the test methods in Appendix A of this part or other methods and procedures as specified in this section, except as provided in §60.8(b).
- (b) The owner or operator shall determine compliance with the particulate matter standards in §60.122 as follows: